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NORTHERN DISTR	DISTRICT COURT ICT OF CALIFORNIA SCO DIVISION
IN RE: SOCIAL MEDIA ADOLESCENT ADDICTION/PERSONAL INJURY PRODUCTS LIABILITY LITIGATION This Document Relates to: All Actions	Case No. <u>22-md-03047-YGR</u> (PHK) DISCOVERY MANAGEMENT ORDER NO. 12 FOLLOWING DISCOVERY MANAGEMENT CONFERENCE OF NOVEMBER 21, 2024 <u>Upcoming DMC Dates:</u> December 11, 2024 at 1:00 pm January 16, 2025 at 1:00 pm February 20, 2025 at 1:00 pm
On November 21, 2024, this Court held a the above-captioned matter regarding the status of memorializes and provides further guidance to th on the record at the November 21st DMC, regard Court during that hearing (all of which are incorp	he Parties, consistent with the Court's directions ding the deadlines and directives issued by the
I. Interim Discovery Deadlines for Sta The Court has carefully considered the Pa	ate AG Cases arties' arguments and competing proposals
regarding the schedule for their discovery plan a	nd for the corresponding interim discovery

22 regarding the schedule for their discovery plan and for the corresponding interim discovery

23 deadlines governing the State AG cases against Meta. *See* Dkt. 1336 at 4-13. As stated at the

24 November 21st DMC, the Court **ORDERS** the discovery deadlines in those cases modified as

25 follows:

26	EVENT OR DEADLINE	DATE
27	Start date for rolling productions of state agency documents requested pursuant to	November 22, 2024
28	subpoenas	

United States District Court Northern District of California

United States District Court	Northern District of California

1	Deadline for completion of conferrals re: Rule	December 2, 2024		
1	34 state agency discovery			
2	Last date to file discovery letter briefs re:	December 9, 2024		
	disputes concerning production of state agency	December 9, 2024		
3	documents (Rule 34 requests or subpoenas)			
	Start date for rolling productions of state	December 6, 2024		
4	agency documents requested pursuant to Rule	December 6, 2024		
5	34			
5	Deadline for Rule 30(b)(6) subpoenas or			
6	notices to the State AGs and/or state agencies	December 13, 2024		
Ū	Substantial completion of production for State			
7	AG and state agency documents requested	December 23, 2024		
	pursuant to Rule 45 subpoenas			
8	Last date for Parties to meet and confer re:			
0	scheduling of State AG and state agency Rule	January 6, 2025		
9	30(b)(6) depositions (<i>and</i> to meet and confer			
10	re: any such disputes)			
10	Substantial completion of production for State			
11	AG and state agency documents requested	January 10, 2025		
	pursuant to Rule 34	-		
12				
	Last date for file discovery letter briefs re:	January 13, 2025		
13	disputes concerning scheduling or taking of	3		
14	any State AG and state agency Rule 30(b)(6)			
14	depositions			
15	Deadline for Parties to meet and confer to	February 14, 2025		
15	identify and commence scheduling State AG	10010aly 11, 2020		
16	and state agency individual fact witness			
	depositions (and to meet and confer re: any			
17	such disputes)			
10	Deadline for Meta to serve deposition notices	February 21, 2025		
18	for State AG and state agency individual fact	rebluary 21, 2025		
19	witness depositions			
17	Last date to file discovery letter briefs re: any	Eshman 21 2025		
20	disputes concerning scheduling or taking of	February 21, 2025		
_0	State AG and state agency fact witness			
21	depositions			
	Dates for Rule 30(b)(6) depositions of State			
22	AGs and state agencies to be taken (unless	February 3, 2025 through March 7, 2025		
22	otherwise agreed upon by the Parties)			
23	Deadline for Meta to complete depositions of			
24	State AG and state agency fact witnesses	April 4, 2025		
24				
25	At the DMC, several of the State AGs (mo	st notably Arizona and Minnesota) raised		
	At the Divic, several of the State AOS (110	st notaory, Anzona and Minnesota) faised		
26	concerns regarding their agencies' ability to meet	the above deadlines due to insufficient funding.		

²⁷ staffing, and technological capabilities. Meta, for its part, complained that multiple state agencies

28 were refusing to provide hit reports. The Court admonishes the Parties to engage in prompt and

transparent negotiations for purposes of identifying reasonable search terms and custodians and exchanging hit reports. The Court has repeatedly advised the Parties to include their respective ESI vendors in such negotiations to address concerns and help resolve disputes regarding technological feasibility.

To the extent that state agencies have collected documents but refuse to provide Meta with search terms or hit reports, it is incumbent upon those agencies to tell Meta how the documents were collected. State agencies are expected to run and share hit reports on their own proposed search terms, at a minimum, assuming they used search terms. If state agencies collected documents for production using some other process, they are likewise expected to disclose transparently the processes used to locate the responsive documents. The Court strongly encourages Meta to work out informal deals with state agencies to facilitate document production, such as agreements to use "go get 'em" requests in lieu of search terms. The Court also strongly encourages the Parties to actively communicate and negotiate disputes regarding objections to document requests (whether by subpoena or Rule 34 requests) to avoid unnecessary delay.

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II. State Agency "Holdouts"

As confirmed by the Parties, the following state agencies continue to refuse to meet and confer with Meta at all regarding search terms and custodians—in clear and direct contravention of this Court's Orders and Judge Gonzalez Rogers' Orders—because they apparently do not believe they are subject to party discovery in this case or the jurisdiction of this Court:

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- California Office of the Governor
- California Governor's Office of Business and Economic Development
- California Department of Finance
- California Department of Public Health
- California Department of Consumer Affairs
- California Business, Consumer Services, and Housing Agency
 - California Office of Data and Innovation
 - South Carolina Office of the Governor
 - No counsel for these eight state agencies attended the November 21st DMC (either in

person or remotely). As such, the Court **ORDERED** the State AGs to provide this Court with the names, bar numbers, and pertinent contact information for all counsel responsible for and representing these eight state agencies who have taken the position that they are entitled to refuse to comply with the Orders issued in this case and that they are not subject to this Court's jurisdiction in this action for purposes of discovery. The California AG and the South Carolina AG each subsequently sent emails to the Court responding to the Court's Order in this regard, but they have not filed their responses on the docket. On or before **December 2, 2024**, both the California AG and the South Carolina AG SHALL file their responses on the docket.

III. YouTube RFPs

The Parties report a dispute as to the adequacy of YouTube's amended responses to Request Nos. 62, 69, 71, 72, 76, and 79 in Plaintiffs' Request for Production ("RFP") Set 4. [Dkt. 1305].

<u>RFP No. 62</u>

RFP No. 62 seeks documents concerning YouTube's "crisis management or crisis communication structure, organization" and/or policies for responding to "investigations, lawsuits, media inquiries, or government inquiries" related to the safety of minor users. [Dkt. 1306-2 at 11]. Plaintiffs argue that information sought by this request—regarding how YouTube handles crises, investigations, lawsuits, and media and government inquiries, including who is involved, and the methods of communication—is highly relevant and crucial for Plaintiffs to establish "knowledge of relevant risks at YouTube's highest levels" and to select appropriate deponents. [Dkt. 1305 at 8].

YouTube, in its portion of the joint letter brief, argues that it "has already provided 30(b)(6) testimony, produced documents, and served an interrogatory response that together provide Plaintiffs with the information sought by this request in the most reliable and comprehensive form in which it is available." *Id.* at 11. Specifically, YouTube argues that: (1) Plaintiffs "elicited over four hours of testimony regarding YouTube's corporate structure" at a recent deposition, including testimony regarding the structure of the six teams directly responsible for YouTube's crisis management and the individuals within those teams; (2) YouTube produced

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documents showing the structure of those six teams; and (3) YouTube provided "a detailed summary of the reporting lines for each of YouTube's custodians" in response to Plaintiffs' Interrogatory No. 1. Id. YouTube argues that Plaintiffs can readily ascertain the individuals involved in crisis management and communications from the documents already produced. Id.

At the November 21st DMC, Plaintiffs argued that YouTube still has not provided the nonprivileged policies relating to crisis management or responding to investigations, lawsuits, media inquiries, or government inquiries pertaining to the safety of minors. YouTube, in response, argued that no such policies exist.

Accordingly, the Court **ORDERS** YouTube to promptly produce all nonprivileged policies (including any nonprivileged documents discussing such policies) responsive to Plaintiffs' request at issue. To the extent that YouTube does not possess any nonprivileged policies responsive to the request, YouTube shall file a supplemental response to the request confirming that no such policies exist. YouTube shall log any otherwise responsive documents withheld on the grounds of privilege on a timely privilege log. The Court further **ORDERS** the Parties to meet and confer regarding Plaintiffs' request for information regarding the methods of communication for these crisis management teams, as it is clear that the Parties' dispute on this portion of the request is not yet ripe.

RFP No. 69

19 RFP No. 69 seeks documents that "constitute, identify, or reflect" YouTube's "[p]olicies, 20process, and criteria" used to "evaluate or determine compensation" for employees working in or with units with responsibility for issues related to youth safety. [Dkt. 1306-2 at 13].

22 Plaintiffs argue that "information regarding compensation, performance bonuses, and other 23 incentives that rewarded (or failed to reward) accomplishments by individuals responsible for youth safety are relevant to the issue of whether YouTube prioritized user growth and engagement 24 25 over safety." [Dkt. 1305 at 9]. Plaintiffs argue that YouTube's production thus far-"consisting of five documents concerning generic Google-wide compensation policies"-is inadequate 26 because YouTube improperly limited its production to documents "sufficient to show" YouTube's 27 28 compensation policies and the documents produced do not show YouTube's compensation

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policies specifically directed at youth safety. *Id.* YouTube argues that Plaintiffs have failed to explain how compensation policies are relevant to this case. *Id.* at 12. In addition, YouTube argues that it has not produced compensation documents specific to youth safety because no such policies exist. *Id.*

The Parties agree that this request does not seek compensation information for lower-level employees. At the DMC, counsel for YouTube stated that no documents exist which discuss the process or criteria by which the companywide policies are applied to those employees working on youth safety. Counsel for YouTube indicated they were in the process of confirming this. Assuming this to be the case, the Court **ORDERS** counsel for YouTube to promptly serve a supplemental response to RFP No. 69 which states that no such documents exist.

Remaining RFPs

RFP Nos. 71, 72, 76, and 79 seeks documents concerning YouTube's policies for facilitating, documenting, processing, reporting, and retaining complaints related to the safety of youth users of the YouTube platform. [Dkt. 1306-2 at 15-17, 20, 22].

The Parties confirm that their dispute on these requests is limited to: (1) whether YouTube should be required to produce final historical versions of internal policies for RFP Nos. 71, 72, 76, and 79; and (2) whether YouTube should be required to produce final historical versions of its public policies for RFP Nos. 72, 76, and 79.

As stated at the November 21st DMC, the Court **ORDERS** the Parties to meet and confer regarding this dispute and the specific policies at issue. The Parties reported at the DMC that they are in the process of evaluating a proposed stipulation which would resolve this dispute and therefore they are directed to file a joint stipulation and proposed order regarding this dispute.

This **RESOLVES** Dkt. 1305.

IV. Meta Compensation Documents

The PI/SD Plaintiffs ("Plaintiffs") move to compel Meta to produce documentation sufficient to show the compensation, bonus, and stock awards/options for eleven Meta witnesses. [Dkt. 1318]. Meta has already agreed to produce performance reviews and self-evaluations for these same eleven deponents. Plaintiffs argue that they also need documents showing specific

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compensation amounts for each deponent to be able to get a "complete picture" regarding the extent to which Meta prioritized user engagement and business growth at the expense of youth safety. Meta argues that Plaintiffs' request for specific dollar figures should be denied because: (1) the specific compensation any particular Meta employee received is irrelevant to Plaintiffs' claims and theories as they have articulated them; (2) the "generally applicable compensation policies" and individual performance reviews already produced by Meta, when taken together, give Plaintiffs the same information that they seek from the compensation documents; and (3) the request for compensation documents violates the deponents' California constitutional right to financial privacy.

At the November 21st DMC, Meta confirmed that it has produced performance reviews for at least two of the eleven deponents at issue and that Meta will be producing the remaining reviews on a rolling basis. Plaintiffs reported that they have not yet had an opportunity to review these materials, and thus, could not speak to Meta's argument that the documents provide a commensurate level of detail as the actual dollar figure for compensation. The Parties are **ORDERED** to continue to meet and confer on this issue as directed by this Court. The Parties shall file a joint stipulation and proposed order regarding this dispute.

This **RESOLVES** Dkt. 1318.

V. Miki Rothschild Deposition

At the November 21st DMC, the Parties raised a time-sensitive dispute regarding the
clawback of three documents asserted to contain privileged communications, where that clawback
has impacted and resulted in the last-minute cancellation of the noticed deposition of a senior-level
Meta employee, Miki Rothschild. The Parties were directed to promptly file joint letter briefing
on this dispute, which they have done. *See* Dkt. 1375.

The Parties SHALL promptly file on the docket a joint notice regarding the re-noticed date
for Mr. Rothschild's deposition.

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VI. California v. TikTok

In light of the recent Order relating the California AG's civil enforcement action against
TikTok to this MDL, the Parties are **ORDERED** to provide a brief status update and contingent

discovery plan in the January Joint DMC Statement regarding how they plan to complete discovery for TikTok in the event the case is not remanded.

VII. Housekeeping Issues

The Parties are directed to reformat their monthly Joint DMC Statements going forward to more clearly delineate issues that are ripe for discussion at the next DMC and issues that are unripe. As such, the Joint DMC Statement should be divided into four sections: (1) administrative issues that the Parties would like to bring to the Court's attention which are not disputed and which do not require Court action; (2) administrative issues that are disputed and/or require Court action; (3) truly ripe discovery disputes for which joint letter briefing has already been filed or will be filed imminently; and (4) unripe discovery disputes. The Court reminds the Parties that any disputes for which the joint letter briefing is filed less than one week prior to the DMC will be addressed at that DMC in this Court's discretion.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated: November 26, 2024

PETER H. KANG

United States Magistrate Judge

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